December 18, 1969 Approved For Release 2005/01/12: CIA-BRB88-01315F1000400220028-7 500 S 17109

stances related to such extensions of credit, shall be filed on such forms, under oath or otherwise, at such times and from time to time, and by such persons, as the Board may prescribe by regulation or order as necessary or appropriate for enabling the Board to perform its functions under this title. The Board may require any person to furnish, under oath or otherwise, complete information relative to any transaction within the scope of this title including the production of any books of account, contracts, letters, or other papers, in connection therewith in the custody or control of such person.

Sec. 208, Injunctions

Whenever it appears to the Board that any person has engaged, is engaged, or is about to engage in any acts or practices constituting a violation of any regulation under this title, it may in its discretion bring an action, in the proper district court of the United States or the proper United States court of any territory or other place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, to enjoin such acts or practices, and upon a proper showing a permanent or temporary injunction or restraining order shall be granted without bond. Upon application of the Board, any such court may also issue mandatory injunctions commanding any person to comply with any regulation of the Board under this title.

Sec. 209. Civil penalties

(a) For each willful violation of any regulation under this title, the Board may assess upon any person to which the regulation applies, and upon any partner, director, officer, or employee thereof who willfully participates in the violation, a civil penalty not exceeding \$1,000.

(b) In the event of the failure of any person to pay any penalty assessed under this section, a civil action for the recovery thereof may, in the discretion of the Board, be brought in the name of the United States.

Sec. 210. Criminal penalty

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Whoever willfully violates any regulation under this title shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

TITLE III—SMALL BUSINESS ADMINIS-TRATION ACTIVITY

SEC. 301. The Small Business Administration shall promptly increase the level of its financing functions utilizing the business loan and investment fund established under section 4(c)(1)(B) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 633(c) (1) (B)) by \$70,000,000 above the level prevailing at the time of enactment of this Act. In the event that insufficient appropriated funds are available to carry out the provisions of this section, request for the necessary funds shall be promptly made by the Small Business Ad-ministration and cleared by all components of the executive branch having any functions with respect to such requests. The Small Business Administration shall submit to Congress a monthly report of its imple-mentation of this section.

And amend the title so as to read, "An Act to lower interest rates and fight inflation, to help housing, small business, and

employment, and for other purposes,"
Mr. SPARKMAN. Mr. President, S.
2577 has been sent to us from the House. I ask unanimous consent that the Senate disagree to the House amendment, agree to a conference requested by the House, and that the Chair be authorized to appoint the conferees on the part of the Senate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered, and the Chair appoints the following conferees: Mr.

SPARKMAN, Mr. PROXMIRE, Mr. WILLIAMS of New Jersey, Mr. Bennett, and Mr. BROOKE.

ASSISTANCE AND RE-FOREIGN LATED PROGRAMS APPROPRIA-TIONS, 1970

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill (H.R. 15149) making appropriations for Foreign Assistance and related programs for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1970, and for other purposes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. All time

has been yielded back.

The question is on agreeing to amendment No. 435 as modified by the Senator from Arkansas (Mr. Fulbright). On this' question the yeas and nays have been ordered, and the clerk will call the roll. The legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. KENNEDY, I announce that the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. Anderson), the Senator from Alaska (Mr. GRAVEL), the Senator from South Carolina (Mr. Hollings), the Senator from Hawaii (Mr. Inouye), the Senator from Georgia (Mr. Russell), the Senator from Missouri (Mr. Symington), are

necessarily absent.
Mr. GRIFFIN. I announce that the Senator from Kentucky (Mr. Cooper) is absent because of illness in his family.

The Senator from South Dakota (Mr. MUNDT) is absent because of illness.

The Senator from Illinois (Mr. PERCY) and the Senator from Texas Tower) are necessary absent. (Mr.

If present and voting, the Senator from Illinois (Mr. Percy) would vote "nay."

On this vote, the Senator from Kentucky (Mr. Cooper) is paired with the Senator from Texas (Mr. Tower). If present and voting, the Senator from Kentucky would vote "yea" and the Senator from Texas would vote "nay."

The result was announced—yeas 62, nays 28, as follows:

(No. 256 Leg.)

Aiken	Gore Nelson
Allen	Griffin Packwood
Baker	Hansen Pearson
Bayh	Harris Pell ^
Brooke	Hart Prouty
Burdick	Hartke Proxmire
Byrd, Va.	Hatfield Randolph
Byrd, W. Va.	Javits Ribicoff
Cannon	Jordan, N.C. / Saxbe
Case	Jordan, Idaho Schweiker
Church	Kennedy , Smith, Maine
Cook	Magnuson Smith. Ill.
Cotton	Mansfield Sparkman
Cranston	Mathias Spong
Dole	McCarthy Thurmond
Dominick '	McClellan Tydings
Engleton	McGovern Williams, N.J
Fannin	Miller Williams, Del
Fulbright	Mondale Yarborough
Goldwater	Murphy Young, Ohio,
Goodell	Muskie

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So Mr. Fulbright's amendment was agreed to, as follows:

On page 24, line 2, strike out the period and insert: "and no funds appropriated by this Act may be expended to the extent that such funds exceed those authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1070."

Mr. FULBRIGHT. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which the amendment was agreed to.

Mr. PELL, Mr. President, I move to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

ATTACKS ON AMERICAN PEACE CORPS VOLUNTEERS IN ETHIOPIA

Mrs. SMITH of Maine, Mr. President, today I received a very disturbing letter from a young man of Portland, Mainea Peace Corps Volunteer recently returned from Ethiopia.

He urges that all Peace Corps Volunteers be brought back home from Ethiopia because it is no longer safe for them to be there because of the physical attacks made on them by the Ethiopian students they have been teaching and trying to help.

He reports that many of the Peace Corps Volunteers are convinced that Peace Corps usefulness in Ethiopia has ended.

He reports that he has made these observations and recommendations to the Peace Corps officials in Washington.

This young man knows whereof he speaks for he was attacked and beaten by the very Ethiopian students he was teaching and helping.

I have asked the Director of the Peace Corps for a report on this matter.

I ask unanimous consent to place in the RECORD at this point the letter and the detailed report that Mr. Craig Johnson, 38 Prospect Street, Portland, Maine, has made to me and obviously to many others since both are in printed rather than personal form.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

PEACE CORPS. Portland, Maine, December 14, 1969. Senator MARGARET CHASE SMITH, Washington, D.C.

DEAR SENATOR SMITH: I am a Peace Corps Volunteer who has recently returned from Ethiopia. I want to bring some recent political developments in Ethlopia and their implications to your attention. I feel that the political situation in many third world countries and the role that the Peace Corps plays in these countries is generally misunderstood by people in the United States and that it is vital that this misunderstanding be corrected.

Another volunteer and I were severely beaten last month by our students in Adwa, a small town in northern Ethiopia. The statement which I'm enclosing with this letter was distributed to all volunteers in Ethiopia. and describes the events leading up to the beating. I and the other Adwa volunteers have since terminated. Since we left Ethiopia less than a week ago several other beatings have occurred, one leaving a volunteer with a broken jaw. The volunteers remaining in Ethiopia are badly scared. It is likely that a large number of volunteers will come home in the next few weeks. A large number of teachers are experiencing open hostility in